

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE

120,000 DAILY.

A champion brave, alert and strong.... To aid the right, oppose the wrong.

VOLUME NUMB.

Great Salt Lake City, U. T., Thursday Morning, August 3, 1865.

The Daily Union Vedette,
PUBLISHED EVERY MORNING,
(World excepted).
—AT—

SALT LAKE CITY, UTAH.
In time for the departure of the Mail to the
North and Northwest, and to the East and West.
The large WEEKLY VEDETTE will
be issued on every day, and every evening
throughout the State, and to Subscribers
throughout these Territories and the States.

THE DAILY UNION VEDETTE,
FOR ADVERTISING,
Per Month. \$20.00 Per Annum. \$60.00
Per Month. \$10.00 Per Month. \$3.00
Per Month. \$2.00 Per Month. \$1.00
Per Month. \$0.50 Per Month. \$0.25
Per Copy. \$0.12

Rates of Advertising.

	DAILY.	WEEKLY.
Ins. card 1 page.	\$2.00	\$10.00
Per Month.	\$20.00	\$100.00
Per Month.	\$10.00	\$50.00
Per Month.	\$5.00	\$25.00
Per Month.	\$2.00	\$10.00
Per Month.	\$1.00	\$5.00
Per Month.	\$0.50	\$2.50
Per Month.	\$0.25	\$1.25
Per Copy.	\$0.12	\$0.60

DAILY ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in
the Weekly edition at only half the above rates
additional.

BUSINESS Notices inserted in editorial
columns will be charged at fifty cents per
line, each insert.

Transient advertisements to be paid for
in advance.

Square boxes of ten lines of type of
this size.

YEARLY ADVERTISEMENTS allowed to change at
pleasure, with only the additional charge of
forty cents a square for composition.

SP. ADVERTISEMENTS return to the
Editor.

Me. ADVERTISEMENTS will be charged twenty-five
per cent additional to the above rates.

ADVERTISEMENTS inserted in this paper
will be continued every Saturday eve. in every
instance, and charged for accordingly.

Vedette Directory,
UTAH.

Area, 100, 382 square miles—Population
90,000.

The Capital Great Salt Lake City, (Population,
17,000) situated on the great highway connecting
the central part of the continent, and the
empire of California, Montana, Idaho, Nevada,
New Mexico and Arizona. The City is one of
the most beautiful in the Union, and the largest
between St. Louis and Sacramento. Its scenery
and Lake is peerless. Its mountains are majestic,
and its city proper is a picture of taste and
order. It has a circumference of twelve miles each
(each divided into 8 lots) and 4 public squares
its level streets running due east and west
and north and south, are 128 feet wide, with shade
trees along either sidewalk, and living streams
of water flowing by both sides of every street,
as well as fruit trees and gardens.

The Territory is divided into twenty counties
the towns of which range from 6,000 to 600
population.

Territorial Officers.

Secretary. Ames Reed
Supt. Indian Affairs. O. H. Irish
Chief Justice. John Titus
Associate Justice. T. J. Drake
U. S. Attorney. S. P. McDougal
U. S. Commissioner. Joseph L. Gibbs, Esq.
Sheriff. Salt Lake Co. Sheriff. F. Kinney
Mayer. Salt Lake City. A. O. Smart

CHURCHES.

Congregational. Rev. Norman McLeod
Methodist. Brigham Young, Heber C. Kimball
and Daniel H. Wells, constituting the "First Pres.
Assembly" officiate in the Tabernacle. Brigham
is the church of the several
city wards.

Schools.

In many of the 20 Wards of the city there are
schools conducted by Church teachers.

Mails and Stages.

The Overland Mail Company's coaches arrive
and depart daily from and to Nevada and
California.

The Overland Stage Line coaches arrive and
depart daily from and to Denver and the States;
and also run tri-weekly between Salt Lake City
and Ogallala, Montana, Boise and Idaho
and intermediate places northward
and north-eastward.

Mails run weekly between Salt Lake city and
the southern towns of Utah, Arizona, etc.

Table of Distances.

Eastward.

From Salt Lake City
To Fort Bridger. 115
Fort Bridger. 115
Fruitland. 600
Denver. 600
Fort Kearny. 1,000
Acheson. 1,245
St. Louis. 1,500
New York City. 2,500

Westward.

To Stockton, Rush Valley, Uta. 50
Egan Canon, Nev. 235
Austin, Roosa River, Nev. 375
Virginia City, Nev. 450
Marysville, Calif. 650
Sacramento. 700
San Francisco, Cal. 784

North-Eastward.

Bonneville City, Utah. 40
Brigham City. 60
Bear Hill, Montana. 184
Bear Hill, junction of Idaho and Montana
Mountain. 85
Bannack City. 370
Virginia City. 450
Last Chance. 500
Fort Benton. 710

Southward.

Pruvo, Utah. 40
Call's Landing, Head of Navigable
Colorado River. 350
La Paz, Arizona. 750
Tucson. 750
Phoenix. 1,000
Santa Fe, New Mexico, via Denver. 1,200
El Paso, Chihuahua, via Santa Fe. 1,200
Port Town, Cal. 850
Los Angeles. 850

Government Vouchers.

WANTED BY
WALKER & BRO'S.

CITY BUSINESS CARDS.

GREAT SALT LAKE CITY.

General Merchandise.

TRADEHOUSE & CO.

East Temple street, Great Salt Lake City.

Dealers in Dry Goods, Ready Made Clothing,

Hats, Posts, Wine, Fancy Groceries, Cigars,

Tobacco, Cigars, etc., etc.

JOHN & CO.

East Temple street, Salt Lake City.

Dealers in Dry Goods, Fancy Groceries, etc., etc.

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Highway Robberies.

The frequency of highway robbery in the adjacent States and Territories is becoming an evil of such magnitude as loudly to call for some action on the part of the various communities in which the instigators operate; and while we decry utterly the resort to Lynch law, which is apt to be the first impulse of the people, when once thoroughly aroused, it behoves the authorities, in order that self-constituted tribunals may not supplant them, to be on the alert, wary and vigilant, that such crimes may not take place, and doubly anxious that their perpetrators may not, when caught, escape with impunity. Indeed, when we bring the matter to a point, it is this fear that criminals may escape, through the leniency or corruption of courts of justice, which prompts the people in new communities, and once in a while in older ones, to take the announcement and declaration of law and the trial and punishment of reputed criminals into their own hands.

The columns of our exchanges, and also our own, of late, have chronicled some of the most daring highway robberies and cold-blooded murders; and measures should at once be inaugurated to prevent a repetition of such outrages as have been perpetrated both on the northern, eastern and western stage routes, while, if possible to be accomplished, the arrest and conviction of those scoundrels, properly followed by their condign punishment, would be a measure fraught with the best possible results, both as a correction to the evils already done and as a prevention to the occurrence of similar misdeeds.

We trust that the various stage companies, the civil authorities and the citizens, will take the matter up, so as to nip in the bud the tendency towards lawlessness, which is fast becoming an epidemic over our fair land. All parties concerned are well aware that in any proper measures undertaken with a view to the prevention and punishment of such crimes, the military authorities will not be backward in furnishing active and reliable assistance. "God helps those who help themselves," is a true and good proverb, and it will not do for those in authority, or for the parties interested, supinely to fold their hands and lament, thinking that this thing will cease of itself; since, unless speedily stopped, it will become more and more frequent, until the transmission of treasure will become impossible, and travel itself be rendered wholly hazardous.

From Julesburg and Laramie.—Advises from Julesburg to the Denver papers, July 10th, have the following:

One or more of Gen. Connor's three columns are now preparing to march northward, and are only delayed by want of supplies, now en route from the Missouri, and daily expected.

Gen. Connor arrived here the 30th from Julesburg, and will take the field in person.

The manner in which immigrant trains are organized renders that class of travel perfectly safe.

The Indians have not, so far, succeeded in inflicting much damage upon anything but the mail and telegraph.

Four Laramie, July 6.—A column consisting of the 2nd Missouri light artillery, equipped as cavalry, and the 12th Missouri cavalry passed Columbus, Nebraska to-day, en route for Powder river, to co-operate with the other columns now preparing to march in Laramee against hostile Indians.

Julesburg is located about two miles west of the original site of Julesburg, and is now quite a military post, under the name of Camp Rankin. There is some four or five buildings, and many amount of tents, presenting the appearance of a young city.

The river is fordable at this place for teams, and a number of trains are crossing.

Colonel C. H. McNally, (a Captain in the regular army and Colonel of the 3d U. S. Volunteers,) is in command at Camp Rankin.

Major Wilder's train, loaded with government freight for Fort Laramie, arrived here to-day (the 4th) and will cross the river to-morrow.

Died.—M. J. Dougherty, of Langrish & Dougherty, popular pioneers in the theatre business, through Colorado for six or seven years past, died suddenly at Central, Colorado, on the 6th ult. Mike was one of nature's noblemen, large in heart, poor, and gifted with a genius equal to his few comedians in the country, east or west.

AN ADDRESS TO THE PEOPLE.

BY A RESIDENT OF UTAH.

ARTICLE 35.

It would be interesting to some of the numerous readers of the *Tribune* to hear, personally, the advocacy of financial claims as made in the several dialects of their zealous devotees, and listen to the original ideas advanced by them in support of the paramount importance of responding liberally to the demands of church leaders in preference to those of family, creditors or friends: "Seek ye first the kingdom of God and its righteousness, and all other things shall be added unto you." is a favorite text with them, and the circumlocutory manner in which they distort and construe it, to justify the exorbitancy of those demands, is truly astonishing.

Although the majority of the converts to the Utah faith are profoundly ignorant of all the principles of rhetoric and the laws of thought, a knowledge of which is so essential to a correct understanding of the modes of expression (and consequently meaning) rightly deducible therefrom, employed by the Great Teacher of mankind and his disciples, there are yet among them many well informed minds that cannot fail to perceive the illegality of the fitched arguments advanced thereon, as used by their uneducated brethren of the masses, who unwillingly pursue the policy of the great archbishop who quoted scripture in support of his unlawful demand on the incorporated Savior. They fail to perceive, or do not attach due weight to the figurative character of his aphorisms,—the positive and negative nature of his precepts.

Yet it must not be understood that it is by arguments erroneously based on either a misinterpretation, or misapplication of scriptural texts alone, or even conjointly with the rigid enforcement of laws before treated of in these articles, that the members of the church are induced to part with their substance at the bidding of their spiritual and temporal supervisors—other and less honorable means are employed also.

The profits realized by the shipping business have been shown to originate in fraud; and I need but to add, in order to convey a general idea of the arrangements entered into to transport the defrauded ones from the point of debarkation to the frontiers; that a similar policy is pursued with Railroad and Steam-boat Companies. Contracts are entered into with the companies making the lowest bid, and the "Saints" are charged from thirteen to twenty dollars per head for the nitro journey from New York, a proportional sum from Boston, Philadelphia and other places to Flore nee, Nebraska—the people furnishing their own provisions, and paying for all luggage over and above a very limited limitation. It will probably be urged by some, that notwithstanding the gains realized to the Church, Agents, by these arrangements, the people travel more cheaply and safely than they possibly could do by individual arrangements. I have no disposition to deny this; for if left to themselves, there are but very few, and those of the lowest class, that would consent to travel as the company promises them to do. It must be remembered by those who are privy to the facts in the case, and explained to those who are not, that on the railroad, the people are literally packed in the commonest of third class cars, and on steam-boats huddled together, as though insensible to the common feelings of humanity on the lower deck with animals and freightage. The author speaks this from experience, for the first night spent by him in travelling up the lovely Hudson, enroute for Utah, he had the un-speakable pleasure of being perched on a box within two feet of a horse, who was one of his fellow passengers, where he spent the night gloriously, looking anxiously for the coming morn. True, he might have laid himself down to sleep at the side of his quadrupedal companion; but he preferred gazing upon the moonlit beauty of the enchanting scenery passed by hurriedly, and admiring nature's charms in her robes of silvery light.

Men, women and children stand, sit or lay, scattered promiscuously around, covering the entire floor, which could not furnish sleeping room for more than half of the company at a time. The young and unmarried men were posted at one end, the young and married ladies at the other, and occupied one large castle and manor-house stall. To those who have had a high opinion of the laudable, there is much to advise in some of this kind. Occupants of one bed frequently jostle their neighbors in the夜, and receive a not very pleasant expostion in return. Weared with the unaccustomed hardness of the saddle-bed, some luckless wight now attempts to reverse his position, and the board braced side that aches with very pain of his own weight, and so doing encounters the unpleasant sensation of a concussion with a formidable "something" that he finds, on closer inspection, to be nothing more nor less than the elevated knee or elbow of his sleeping neighbor, and, now, finding his person minus its usual coverlet, half sleeping and half waking, he reaches out his hand to make up the deficiency, and unwittingly obtains his supply from his neighbor's bed, who, not relishing the joke, makes an effort to regain his lost, and unconscious the extent of his grasp, suddenly denudes the unconscious offender, who, suddenly awaking to a ludicrous sense of the utter hopelessness of his case, discovers he must either demand an assorting of the clothes so summarily obtained by his no neighbor, or don his traveling suit, and dejectedly pass the remainder of the night in the study of human frailties in general, and his neighbor's in particular. Thus passes the night.

Ah! what a hellamite scene occurs when bright aurora commences to gild the horizon with his reviving rays, and the slumbering faculties of the mortally stricken begin to be aroused! Here, the features of the forward and mischievous loving are convulsed with laughter at the expense, and to the no small chagrin, of the retiring and bashful,—there, the hurry and scuffle of the neatly disposed to make even the companionship of the insensate quadruped, and the many almost equally stupid bipeds around them as bearable as possible. In one place the imprentions of some crabby itinerant at the loss of an indispensable article of wearing apparel; in another, the serio-comic expression of some unfortunate fair one, while secretly recounting the loss and endeavoring to ascertain the whereabouts of some equally essential unmentionable—a scene and association so peculiar, that to be properly understood and appreciated must be witnessed. Yet such are the experiences and such the circumstances attending the omi-

gation of the *Utah* people under the management of their chief of state, the *soi disant* mobster, "General" as the thousand and most just—should be told.

A Young Veteran.

There recently sat beside us a mild eyed boy of eighteen, well grown and intelligent, with the corporal's grippe upon his gun. He has turned leaves of experience, that in the elder Napoleon's day would have done honor to an Old Guard man. This boy of ours, at an age when most youths are in school, or yet the novitiates of active life, can look upon his twenty-two battles. He participated in all the tremendous scenes in Virginia soil, the advances and retrogrades, the successes and reverses, whereby we won out the strength of the rebellion, and disciplined ourselves the while, to be worthy to conquer in the name of Liberty.

One day, four years ago, while playing marbles, or flying his kite, he had a severe attack of the drum. Tall of his years, and precocious, the spirit of patriotism wrestled hard with him. It was a case for prompt action, and change of climate, and he was sent to the retired homestead in an Eastern State, with the injunction to help on the farm, be a good boy, and earn the encomiums of grand-ma-

ma. But the young eagle fluttered over the edge of the nest, and soared into the fields of blue. If the recording angel washed out generous Uncle Toby's oath with a tear, we doubt whether he would not kindly blot out the entry of a boy's falsehood, told with shining eyes and swelling heart to the mustering officer. At all events it is safe now to believe it, since, happily, the great day of bippy temptation is overpast, and they need no longer ask to be dismissed from school to go and save the country.

The youth of fourteen, having thus taken four years to himself, and getting the benefit of his statue by standing very erect in his shoes, was in the Army of the Potomac before grandmama's frightened news of the fight had got home to the West. In all the vicissitudes of his companions in arms, he bore a part. He was in a fighting regiment. He saw it melt away in all the great battles before Richmond. With twelve sole survivors of his original company he washed off the blood of Antietam. He was in the thick of the battle of Gettysburg. Captured at Chancellorville, he tasted the experience of prison life at Belle Isle. Re-enlisted, he was in at the death, and saw Lee lay down his arms. At the age when most boys come home from school, he has returned from such soldier's experience as few men pass through unscathed, for he was never wounded—*Chicago Tribune*.

Troops for the PLAINS.—Our late Leavenworth and Atchison exchanges for June and the first fortnight of July, have frequent mention of regiments of troops that are leaving and have left the river to report for duty at Gen. Connor's headquarters in the field. When they and their transportation all get to Laramie and Julesburg, there will then be big fat strength to stock the stage and telegraphic route with protection ample and available for every emergency. As it has been, there wasn't strength enough to spare from the Kearney—Collins division of the plains to more than keep the posts from being plundered by the large squads of flying savages, who annihilated distance in their recent raids from the Platte Bridge to Bridger's Pass and thence to the Black Hills and Bighorn.

There are some of the coming troops referred to: The 1st, 5th, 6th and 7th Michigan Cavalry (Sheridan's) under Gen. Stagg; the 12th Tenn. Cavalry under Lieut.-Col. Kirwan; the 15th Kansas Cavalry; a regiment of the West Virginia Cavalry; the 2d Mo. Light Artillery, and a lot of Kansas, Nebraska and other troops. They—whenever they get to Laramie or Julesburg—will be substantial strength to draw on and detail for distant points demanding a protection of an equipped, effective order.

GENERAL COXON.—Of the movements of our District Commander, the public hears and very little. But enough ticks out now and then to show that movements on a very extensive scale, are on foot, and although depredations are still committed by Indians, the public generally feel confident that there will be a "little wholesome blood letting" before fall, and that he will make this the last season when travel across the plains will not be quite so safe as over the prairies of Illinois or Iowa. We are glad to learn that the General enjoys in the highest degree, the confidence of the War Department, and is receiving as promptly as can be expected, the men and materials he deems necessary for the accomplishment of his work.—*Denver News*, 11th ult.

A WRITER of Alturas County, Idaho, says the Boise *Statesman*, informs us that Capt. Moulthrop's saw mill was set on fire on the 18th ult. It is capable of cutting six thousand feet per day. Prospecting and developing quartz was being prosecuted with increasing activity and energy in that section of the Idaho mines.

WANTED ADVERTISEMENT.

BUTTERFIELD'S

Overland

DESPATCH,

TOTAL POINTS IN

Colorado, Utah, New Mexico,

Arizona, Idaho and Montana

Territories, and the

State of Nevada.

STATE OF NEVADA.

STATE OF COLORADO.

STATE OF UTAH.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO.

STATE OF ARIZONA.

STATE OF IDAHO.

STATE OF MONTANA.

STATE OF WASHINGTON.

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STATE OF OREGON.

The Daily Vidette

AGENCIES.

The following gentlemen will receive subscriptions for the Daily and Weekly Vidette, and new advertisements at rates now prevailing on our first page. Parties wishing to advertise themselves directly by mail, Merchants, etc., in these Territories or the States, desirous of subscribing or advertising, can send samples copies of our paper, by calling on these gentlemen:

Woolworth & Moogat, Denver, Col.

W. S. Morris, Central, Salt Lake City.

Hollister & Hall, Black Hawk, Idaho City.

Stetson, O. Stage Agt., Virginia, Minn.

Moore P. S. White, Last Chance, Idaho City.

A. J. Oliver & Co., Agents, House & Hotel, Spokane, Wash.

Editor C. R. Walker, Shockley, Wash.

Major G. A. Gall, Austin, Nevada.

Editor "Revelle," Dan DeQuille, L. P. Fisher, No. 629, Washington street, New York City.

Col. Lawrence "Golden Era" Office, Frank A. Root, "Press" office, Atchison, Kan.

S. P. Rounds, Chicago, Ill.

H. S. Nichols, Agent, Terrell's Overland Dispatch, No. 34, Clark street, Chicago, Ill.

Pease & Co., Newsboys Advertising Agents, New York City.

K. Miller, office 621, 100 Broadway, Wm. Marten, Agent, Butterfield's Overland Dispatch, No. 68, Broadway, New York City.

A. M. Hines, Santa Fe, N. M.

J. V. Harris, P. M., Fort Union, Albion, Wyo.

Frank D. Pease, No. 14, N. W. Wells, El Paso, Tex.

Mr. Hayden, Tucson, Arizona.

Editor "Miner," Prescott, Ariz.

Ladd & Tilton, Boston, Mass.

H. A. Reed, Agent, Butterfield's Overland Dispatch, No. 1, State street, Boston, Mass.

Editor "Republican," Omaha, Neb.

Editor "Times," "Pioneer," "Conservative," Leavenworth, Kansas.

Wm. H. Moore, Atchison's Express, No. 40, South 5th street, Atchison, Kan.

Editor "Newspaper," Webster City, Iowa.

C. G. Woolworth & Co., St. Joseph Mo.

The Vidette Branch Office is for the present at Our Book Store, Main or East Temple street, where we will be pleased to furnish happiness men and citizens desiring of having orders for job work and advertisements. All work will be executed in best business style and jobs delivered promptly. Orders for the "Daily Vidette" also received, to be delivered by our carrier throughout the city.

O. J. GOLDRICK, Branch Office.

DAILY VIDETTE, East Temple street.

Local and Miscellaneous.

Be bold to soft music, when
Of love and peace thou'rt sweetly singing;
But diamond be thy point, my pen,
When crime's dumb bells are round thee ring.

They are talking State Government again in Colorado.

Gen'l. Butler is one of the men mentioned for Governor of Idaho.

So far the President has granted about one hundred and twenty-five special pardons.

TOM MURPHY, formerly proprietor of the Massasoit House, Atchison, is now a Superintendent of Indians, in Kansas.

SAN FRANCISCO AND CINCINNATI.—The assessed value of property in San Francisco is \$90,000,000, nearly double that of Cincinnati.

DROWNED.—A man named David Tompkins, aged 23 years, from New York, was drowned on the 25th ult., near Boise City, Idaho.

Major Burrow's train of goods is expected here shortly. He opens out in Woodmansee's new building, East Temple Street.

Two Mexicans from Fort Bridger were yesterday arrested here on suspicion of being implicated in those late murders at Black's Fork. They were afterwards let go.

Messrs. Cook & Keigh, freighters and liveries men from Denver, are in town. There is a splendid show for starting a large livery in this "long."

COLFAX.—A town has been laid out on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad, near Illinois-town, Placer county, California, which has been named Colfax. Such is glory!

They say three-fourths of the immigration on the plains, between here and the North Platte, is bound for Oregon, and the pilgrims are principally from Missouri.

COL. C. R. JENNISON, of the Kansas 12th, has been court-martialed and sentenced to be dishonorably dismissed the service. W. F. Cloud, of Kansas, has been appointed in his stead.

MR. J. DEITCHEN, an extensive dry goods merchant of Denver City, is stopping here these days, doubtless with an eye to opening a branch establishment at no distant day. His firm have a house in Virginia City, Montana.

Alex Benham had a few "packers" arrested at Fort Halleck, one day last week, on suspicion of their being of the Port Neuf party, but they proved an alibi and were let go "on their way rejoicing," eastward.

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It is reported by telegraph from San Francisco, yesterday morning, that the steamer "Brother Jonathan," en route from San Francisco to Portland, on the morning of July 31st, struck a rock and immediately sank. There were about 300 passengers and crew on board, of which only fourteen were saved. Gen. Wright and wife were saved. Several telegraph operators, lately arrived from New York, and on their way to join the Russian expedition, were lost. The above is all that is published in the California papers, concerning the sad affair.

Saturday evening the play of "The People's Lawyer" will be performed at the Salt Lake Theater, with Mr. Dunbar as "Sigion Shingle," "The Toadie" is announced as the afterpiece, with Mr. Margetts as "Timothy."

PACKERS are passing through from Boise to the States, taking this mode of travel in preference to teams or stages for cheapness, "celerity and security." Thirty odd miners passed through this place on Tuesday, for the land of sun-rise.

LITERALITY.—The thanks of our office are extended to Mr. Cornforth, from Denver, for a fragrant hundred of Ivanavas. He has more of the same aroma on sale at Helle & Snyder's commission house, and a whole lot of other goods and notions follow, figures to close out and start home.

THEATRICALS COMING.—We learn through private letters from Idaho City, July 27th, that Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Pardey, Mrs. McDonald, Miss Sinclair, Miss Florence, B. T. Morton, R. King, and others, are coming here with Mr. Pöter, Manager, to treat us to dramatic entertainments through this fall and winter.

FLOWERS are fast falling from their stems, and the glory of our summer gardens is gradually growing bare. Bouquets are bringing premiums on the prices of the month past, and shall soon be numbered with the things that were, in this city of a thousand gardens. Speaking of flowers, a recent writer christens them "the alphabet of the angels," wherewith they write on hills and plains mysterious truths.

SPEAKING of the shooting of ex-Sheriff Pinkham, at Idaho City, the "Statesman" says it was "a premeditated murder or assassination," and that it was an exemplification of the principles of certain class of outlaws in Idaho who delight in such cowardly exercise of the knife and bullet, on Union men. It adds that it is about time that kind of rule should come to an end—a rope's end; and let all the people say "Amen."

THE DIFFERENCE!—You can buy the best kind of printing paper in the Missouri river towns for ten dollars a bundle, (2 reams,) which here is not obtainable less than \$40. And yet the dailies, there are 30 cents a week! Gamblers here can readily and reasonably perceive the pressing necessity of our asking as high as fifty cents a week, two dollars a month, or a V per quarter—and all that in advance.

Major Burrow's train of goods is expected here shortly. He opens out in Woodmansee's new building, East Temple Street.

Two Mexicans from Fort Bridger were yesterday arrested here on suspicion of being implicated in those late murders at Black's Fork. They were afterwards let go.

Messrs. Cook & Keigh, freighters and liveries men from Denver, are in town. There is a splendid show for starting a large livery in this "long."

COLFAX.—A town has been laid out on the line of the Central Pacific Railroad, near Illinois-town, Placer county, California, which has been named Colfax. Such is glory!

They say three-fourths of the immigration on the plains, between here and the North Platte, is bound for Oregon, and the pilgrims are principally from Missouri.

COL. C. R. JENNISON, of the Kansas 12th, has been court-martialed and sentenced to be dishonorably dismissed the service. W. F. Cloud, of Kansas, has been appointed in his stead.

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MONETARY.
Gold coin buying at 125 to 130.
Treasury notes, 100 to 150.
Banking, for little or nothing.
Exchange on New York selling at 100.
Morgan Bank, U.S. 100.
Bose Dust, 100.
Gold in New York, highest premium.
July 22d, 142.

Wholesale Market Report.
Corrected daily.

"Salt Lake City, August 2, 1865.
BACON, States, large supply, \$10 to \$15.
BUTTER, Ranch, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
BEEF, Fresh, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
BOOTS & SHOES, market overstocked.
CLOTHING, prices low.
COFFEE, big stock, .70.
CANDLES, " Good Star, .60.
CHEESE, Utah, .35.
CORN MEAL, Utah, .08.
CAN FRUIT, States, few kept prices
higher, .25.
COAL-OIL, Market glutted, 10 gallons, .35.
CLOTHING, American stock, selling moderate.

DRY GOODS, big assortment in market.
DUMPLINGS, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
EGGS, Utah, .04.
FLOUR, in considerable demand,
qualities range from .75 to 1.00.
GLASS, demand and supply small.
FREIGHT, to Virginia, Montana, double
or over, \$10 to 12 cts.
HATS & CAPS, big stock, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
HONEY, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
HORSES, Supply equal to demand.
LARD, States, large stock, No. 1,
canned, \$10.
NAHLA, big stock, .75.
POTATOES, new crop, .10.
SUGAR, brown, 100 lbs., 100 cts.
STREUP, Utah, 100 lbs., \$1.00 to \$1.50.
SALT, Utah, \$1.
TEA, market overstocked, 100 lbs., .25 to .50.
TOBACCO, supply sufficient to prevent
shortage, .25.
Fruit articles, .10 to .25.
Lewis' Natural Lead, 100 lbs., 1.75 to 2.00.
WHISKY, now allowed to be sold by
City Ordinance, except the Valley Tan staff at the "City"
(Church) Liquor Store.

J. V. Wattson,
Attorney at Law,
Office over Gem Saloon,
Salt Lake City, U. T.
jy31-df

Quarter Masters Department, U. S. A.
Proposals for Forage.

Office Chief Quarter Master,
West Sub Dist. of the Plains,
Camp Douglas, July 23d, 1865.

8 FEALI PROPOSALS will be received at this time until 12 m. on the 1st day of August 1865, for furnishing the following supplies of Quarter-master Stores, to be delivered at Fort Bridger, U. S. in such quantities as required, but the weight of each article required shall be delivered by the 1st day of February, 1866.

HAY, Six hundred (600) Tons
OATS, Ten thousand (10,000)
BUSHELS.

The Hay and Oats must be of the best quality and Oats to be entirely free from chaff.

Bidders will specify in their bids, what quantity will be required of each Article. Good and sufficient Bids will be required for the faithful performance of the contracts, and names of two Sureties must accompany each bid.

Bids will be received for furnishing the whole amount of each article required in one bid, and also will be received for furnishing not less than 100 bushels of Hay or Oats, or Five Thousand (5,000) Bushels of Oats in any one bid.

Bids will be made in certificates.

Payment will be made in such funds as the Government may furnish.

Contractors will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The Government reserves to itself the right to reject any or all bids.

Bidders are requested to be present at the opening of proposals at my office, at 12 m. August 9th, 1865.

It will be acknowledged through the Post Office, in my Office, to Capt. D. B. STOVER, Chief Quarter Master, West Sub-District of the Plains, Camp Douglas, U. S. and endorsed "Proposals for Hay or Oats" as the case may be.

D. B. STOVER,
Capt. and A. Q. M., U. S. Vol.,
Chief Q. M., W. S. Dist. of the Plains.
jy31-df

Kellogg, Hewston & Co., Assay Office, Refinery and Chemical Laboratory, 410 Montgomery street, San Francisco.

DEPOSITS of Gold for Bullion returned in twenty-four hours. The charge is one-quarter of one cent per ounce, on all amounts over \$12.00. No claim will be filed on specimens.

Deposits of Gold, Silver, etc., will be immediately and deposited in U. S. Branch Mint, and prompt return made to depositors. Silver contained in deposits accounted for to the deposit in the manner and at the rates customary at the Mint.

The charge for Refining Gold over 750 fine is ten (10) cents per ounce, being four (4) cents per ounce less than is charged by the Mint for the same work. For Gold from 500 to 750 fine the charge is seven (7) cents per ounce. The charge for coining is one-half of one cent per ounce, being the same as paid by the U. S. Mint.

Analyses of Ores, Minerals, Metals, Soils, Water and the Productions of Art carefully executed.

Refer to Messrs. Helyday & Halsey, Salt Lake City, and to all Bankers in California.

jy31-df

2 STEERS Lost.

ONE pale red, branded P. W. on left shoulder; with four inches long on the top lip. The other black, sparsely hair and short tail on left hip. They started in the hills above the hot springs close to Salt Lake City, on the 28th inst. The finder will be handsomely rewarded by notifying the subscriber by letter to Virginia City, Montana, and taking care of the cattle until he returns here in a month or so.

CLAY THOMPSON.

jy31-df

For Sale

AT

WALKER BROS'.

35 Wagons,

100 Ox-Yokes, and

Bows;

100 Log Chains.

Cash or produce taken in payment.
WALKER BROS.

jy31-df

The GREAT SALT LAKE.—The lake from which the city takes its name is about twenty miles distant from the latter, by good roads across the level valley bottom. Artistically viewed, it is one of the most beautiful sheets of water I ever saw—blue, rather than the ocean, and progressive, since looking from the shore you see only water horizon. This view, however, is broken by a magnificent island, rising seven or eight hundred feet above the water, half a dozen miles in circuit. The density of the lake brine has been made instead of overstated, I went into it for a considerable distance, then lay upon my back further than in the water, and suffered the breeze to wash me forward again. I was blown to a spot where the lake was only four inches deep, without grazing my back, and did not know I had got within my depth again till I depressed my hand a trifle and touched bottom. It is a great mistake to call this saline. It has no fish, but breeds myriads of strange little maggots, which presently turn into troublesome little gnats. The rocks near the lake are grandly castellated, and cavernous crags of limestone, some of it finely crystalline, but most of it like one coarser Trenton and Black river groups. There is a large cave in formation, ten minutes' climb from the shore.

EMIGRATION FROM GERMANY.—Since the commencement of the late rebellion, tens of thousands of Germans left their native land to find homes in this country. For every one who emigrated last year, there are ten who purposes coming this season. Germany is saturated with American securities, and soon America will be saturated with thousands of stout, industrious, intelligent Germans. "There is room and plenty" in America for all those emigrants. There is even more room now than ever. Every state of the west is eager to get them, from the Ohio to the Missouri. The mineral states and territories of the Rocky Mountains are anxious to have them. The states of the South, now free and open to all, could absorb tens of millions of them and would be made in calculably richer thereby. They need fear no anarchy or disorder anywhere. Law is everywhere dominant; peace is permanent, and order and freedom are universal!—Leavenworth, Kansas, Times.

FRESH MEATS for Fresh Beef

Office Chief Commissary of Subsistence, West Sub-Districts of the Plains, Camp Douglas, U. S. July 20th, 1863.

Sealed Proposals will be received at this office until 12 m. August 5th, 1863, for furnishing

Fresh Beef.

To the troops in this district, excepting Fort Bridger and vicinity.

The contract to commence August 15th 1863, and to be in force for one year.

The beef to be of good and wholesome quality with equal proportions of fore and hind quarters, shoulders, shanks, and kidneys well cut off.

The heads to be delivered at such times, and in such places as may be directed as may be directed by the Commandant Officer.

The bids will express the price per 100 pounds for which the beef will be furnished.

No proposals from Contractors who have previously furnished to the Government or persons of doubtful loyalty will be entertained.

Each bid must have a printed copy of this advertisement posted at its head and be of the following form:

I hereby promise to furnish to the Subsistence Department of the United States, such Fresh Beef or the quality required in the advertisement above posted as I may be from time to time required to furnish at — cents per pound not weight.

All bids must be accompanied by a guarantee of the form annexed.

We — of the county and Territory of — do hereby guarantee that — is able to fulfill the contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that should his proposition be accepted he will enter into a contract in accordance therewith and should the contract be awarded him, we are prepared to become his sureties.

This guarantee will be affixed to each bid.

Each bidder will sign in triplicate and endorse "Proposed for Fresh Beef," and address to the undersigned at this office.

The successful bidder to pay for this advertisement.

HENRY R. MILLER,

Lient. R. C. S. 2d Cav. C. V.

Chief Commissary, West Sub-District of Plains.

July 20th.

NEBRASKA

ASHTON & TAIT,
Forwarding and Commission Merchants.
Nebraska City.

June 1st.

John McCormick & Co.,
Omaha, Nebraska.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Agents for Ladd, Smith & Co's

POWDERS.

Sold at Manufactury Price freight added.

Orders from Colorado, Utah, Montana and Idaho solicited.

June 1st.

Assay Office

Dr. O. H. CONGAR,
Salt Lake House, Salt Lake City.

GOLD and Silver Bullion and Ores of every description carefully assayed and analyzed, and their correctness guaranteed.

References:

Messrs. Landis & Miller, Austin, Tex.

Messrs. Adelberg & Raymond, N. York City.

English.

N. S. RANSONHOFF & CO.,
Take pleasure in returning thanks
to their patrons for the very
LIBERAL ENCOURAGEMENT.
They have received
at their

STORES,
Bill Book Supply Co.,
ON
East Temple street
SALT LAKE CITY.

And avail themselves of the earliest
opportunity of announcing that they
are expecting in a very few days
from the East a complete Stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

We have still in Store a large
STOCK

of

Finest styles of Plain and Fancy
DRESS GOODS,

Domestics, Hardware,

GROCERIES,

Clothing,

etc., etc., etc.,

—

THE FINEST
TEAS!

ever offered in
THIS MARKET.

—

All of which we offer at the very
lowest prices, to make room for
our new Stock.

—

The highest Prices paid for
PRODUCE.

—

Call and examine before purchasing
elsewhere at high prices.
N. S. RANSONHOFF & CO.,
July 1st.

Empire Bakery
And Machine
Cracker Manufactory.

L. D. RIETHMANN.
Next door south of Ranshoff & Co's,
Main Street Salt Lake City.

Has constantly on hand at

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

for City trade and outifters.

Superior Bread,
Crackers,

Pies,
Cakes,

Cigars,
Canned Fruits &c.

Also the very best

Ice Cream and
Soda Water

Always in readiness. Connected with this Es-
tablishment is a

Restaurant and Lunch Room.

July 22-3m.

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT

AND

CIRCULATING LIBRARY,

Main street, between Market and South Temple Streets.

Copies of the papers of the place, Eastern
and Western PAPERS and PERIODICALS con-
stantly on hand.

NOVELS and Light LITERATURE for sale,

—

SUBSCRIPTIONS TAKEN FOR PAPERS!

—

THE NEW YORK LEDGER,

It is not yet too late to subscribe for the above,
commencing from the New Year.

Anything in this line, not procurable in the
place, can be sent for by the

SALT LAKE NEWS DEPOT.

—

CALL AND INQUIRE.

West Main Street, between Theater and South Temple.

July 1st.

John McCormick & Co.,

Oakland, Nebraska.

WHOLESALE GROCERS,
Agents for Ladd, Smith & Co's

POWDERS.

Sold at Manufactury Price freight added.

Orders from Colorado, Utah, Montana and Idaho
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NEW YORK CITY ADV'TS.

METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

New York City.

Warren Lealand Bros.,

Proprietors.

Gentlemen from the Pacific States and Territories will receive the highest attention at this Hotel.

June 1st.

ST. NICHOLAS HOTEL.

New York City.

The Patronage of Merchants and Travelers

from California, Colorado, Utah, Montana and the West is solicited, and satisfaction guaranteed.

June 1st.

JAMES BEESTON,

Commission Agent.

12 Barclay street, New York City.

Agents for the purchasing of all kinds

of Merchandise and Machinery for Utah,

Montana and Idaho.

Refer to Merchants of Salt Lake City.

June 1st.

D. P. CLARK & PRATT,

(late DRAPER CLARK & CO.)

No. 330 Broadway, New York.

MANUFACTURERS, Commission Merchants

and Wholesale Dealers in

Fur, Silk and Wool

HATS, CAPS,

Straw Goods, Feathers, Artificial Flowers etc.

June 1st.

THE RUSSELL & ERWIN,

Manufacturing Co.

Manufacturers of Building and other Hardware.

No. 37 & 38 Breckinridge and 50 Cliff streets,

New York.

June 1st.

HALL, SOUTHWICK & CO.,

384 and 386 Broadway, New York.

Wholesale Dealers in Boots and Shoes.

June 1st.

SHELDON HOYT & CO.,

43 Chambers and 21 Trade Streets, New York.

Importers and Dealers in Foreign and Domestic Hardware, Cutlery, Glass etc.

June 1st.

NEW MEXICO.

SANTA FE.

SPEICHLBERG BROTHERS,

Keep constantly on hand the largest stock of

GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions, Liquors, Mexican Goods, Hardware, Nations etc. etc.

To be found elsewhere in New Mexico or Arizona.

June 1st.

A. M. HUNT,

Santa Fe, N. M.

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in Books and Stationery, Papers and Periodicals.

Post Office Building.

June 1st.

FRANK GREEN'S "Eldorado"

Restaurant,

Santa Fe, N. M.

This elegant Saloon and Restaurant is conducted in the best style of first class Establishments.

June 1st.

PRAUTT & FOX,